

$$a^{l-1} \xrightarrow{W^l} z^l \xrightarrow{f_l} a^l \xrightarrow{W^{l+1}} z^{l+1} \xrightarrow{f_{l+1}} a^{l+1} \quad y$$

$$m \times 1 \quad n \times m \quad n \times 1 \quad n \times 1 \quad p \times n \quad p \times 1 \quad p \times 1 \quad p \times 1$$

$$z^l = W^l a^{l-1} + b^l$$

$$a^l = f_l(z^l)$$

$$\text{vec}(AXB) = (B^T \otimes A) \text{vec}(X)$$

$$A(m \times n) \quad B(p \times q) \quad A \otimes B = [A_{ij} B]_{mp \times nq}$$

$$\text{設 } B \text{ 为 } \textcircled{1} \quad \nabla_{z^l}^2 J = Q^l \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$$

$$\therefore \text{vec}(\delta \nabla_{z^l} J) = Q^{lT} \text{vec}(\delta z^l)$$

$$\text{而 } \text{vec}(\delta z^l) = (\nabla_{w^l} z^l)^T \text{vec}(\delta w^l)$$

$$\therefore \text{vec}(\delta \nabla_{z^l} J) = Q^{lT} (\nabla_{w^l} z^l)^T \text{vec}(\delta w^l) \quad \dots \textcircled{1}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \nabla_{w^l}^2 z^l = P^l \in \mathbb{R}^{mn \times mn^2}$$

$$\therefore \text{vec}(\delta \nabla_{w^l} z^l) = P^{lT} \text{vec}(\delta w^l) \quad \dots \textcircled{2}$$

$$\because \text{vec}(\delta J) = \underbrace{(\nabla_{z^l} J)^T}_{n \times 1} \text{vec}(\delta z^l)$$

$$\text{而 } \text{vec}(\delta z^l) = (\nabla_{w^l} z^l)^T \text{vec}(\delta w^l)$$

$$\therefore \text{vec}(\delta J) = (\nabla_{z^l} J)^T (\nabla_{w^l} z^l)^T \text{vec}(\delta w^l)$$

$$\text{由 } \nabla_{w^l} J = \nabla_{w^l} z^l \cdot \nabla_{z^l} J$$

$$\therefore \delta \nabla_{w^l} J = \delta(\nabla_{w^l} z^l) \cdot \nabla_{z^l} J + \nabla_{w^l} z^l \cdot \delta(\nabla_{z^l} J)$$

$$\therefore \text{vec}(\delta \nabla_{w^l} J) = \text{vec}\left(I_{mn} \cdot \delta \nabla_{w^l} z^l \cdot \nabla_{z^l} J\right) + \text{vec}\left(\nabla_{w^l} z^l \cdot \delta \nabla_{z^l} J \cdot I_1\right)$$

$$= \left( \underbrace{(\nabla_{z^l} J)^T}_{1 \times n} \otimes \underbrace{I_{mn}}_{mn \times mn} \right) \text{vec}(\delta \nabla_{w^l} z^l) + \nabla_{w^l} z^l \text{vec}(\delta \nabla_{z^l} J)$$

$$\stackrel{\text{由} \textcircled{1} \text{及} \textcircled{2}}{=} ((\nabla_{z^l} J)^T \otimes I_{mn}) P^{lT} \text{vec}(\delta w^l) + (\nabla_{w^l} z^l)^T Q^{lT} \cdot (\nabla_{w^l} z^l)^T \text{vec}(\delta w^l)$$

$$\therefore \nabla_{w^l}^2 J = P^l \cdot (\nabla_{z^l} J \otimes I_{mn}) + (\nabla_{w^l} z^l)^T Q^l (\nabla_{w^l} z^l)^T$$

$$\nabla_{b^l} J = \nabla_{b^l} z^l \cdot \nabla_{z^l} J$$

$n \times 1$                $n \times n$                $n \times 1$

$$\therefore d\nabla_{b^l} J = d\nabla_{b^l} z^l \cdot \nabla_{z^l} J + \nabla_{b^l} z^l \cdot d\nabla_{z^l} J$$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \text{vec}(d\nabla_{b^l} J) &= \underset{n \times n}{\text{vec}(I_n \cdot d\nabla_{b^l} z^l \cdot \nabla_{z^l} J)} + \underset{n \times n}{\text{vec}(\nabla_{b^l} z^l \cdot d\nabla_{z^l} J \cdot I_1)} \\ &= \underbrace{((\nabla_{z^l} J)^T \otimes I_n) \text{vec}(d\nabla_{b^l} z^l)}_{=0} + \nabla_{b^l} z^l \cdot \text{vec}(d\nabla_{z^l} J)\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{类①} \quad \overset{\curvearrowleft}{\nabla_{b^l} z^l} = (\nabla_{b^l} z^l) \cdot Q^{l+1} (\nabla_{b^l} z^l)^T \text{vec}(db^l)$$

$$\therefore \nabla_{b^l}^2 J = \underbrace{(\nabla_{b^l} z^l) \underset{n \times n}{Q^l} \underset{n \times n}{(\nabla_{b^l} z^l)^T}}_{n \times n} \quad \text{wavy line}$$

$$z^l = W^l a^{l-1} + b^l$$

$$\therefore dz^l = dW^l \cdot a^{l-1}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \text{vec}(dz^l) &= \text{vec}(I_n \cdot dW^l \cdot a^{l-1}) \\ &= (a^{l-1})^T \otimes I_n \text{ vec}(dW^l)\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \nabla_{W^l} z^l = a^{l-1} \otimes I_n \in \mathbb{R}^{mn \times n}$$

$m \times 1$                $n \times n$

$$\therefore dz^l = db^l$$

$$\therefore \text{vec}(dz^l) = \text{vec}(db^l)$$

$$\therefore \nabla_{b^l} z^l = I_n \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$$

wavy line

(3)

設  $\hat{y}$  是  $\hat{z}^{l+1}$  的  $\frac{\partial}{\partial z^l}$ 

$$\nabla_{z^{l+1}}^2 J = Q^{l+1}$$

$$\nabla_{z^{l+1}} J = \delta^{l+1}$$

$$J = -y^T \ln a^{l+1} - (1-y)^T \ln (1-a^{l+1}) \quad \leftarrow d\sigma(x) = \sigma'(x) \odot dx$$

$$dJ = (-y + a^{l+1})^T dz^{l+1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{vec}(dJ) &= \text{vec} \left( (-y + a^{l+1})^T dz^{l+1} \cdot I_1 \right) \\ &\stackrel{1 \times 1}{=} \stackrel{1 \times p}{(-y + a^{l+1})^T} \stackrel{p \times 1}{\text{vec}(dz^{l+1})} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \nabla_{z^{l+1}} J = \delta^{l+1} = -y + a^{l+1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} d(\nabla_{z^{l+1}} J) &= d(-y + a^{l+1}) = da^{l+1} \\ &= \text{diag}(a^{l+1} \odot (1-a^{l+1})) dz^{l+1} \quad \leftarrow \because a^{l+1} = \text{sigmoid}(z^{l+1}) \quad \tilde{s}' = s(1-s) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{vec}(d\nabla_{z^{l+1}} J) &= \text{vec} \left( \text{diag}(a^{l+1} \odot (1-a^{l+1})) \cdot dz^{l+1} \cdot I_1 \right) \\ &= \text{diag}(a^{l+1} \odot (1-a^{l+1})) \cdot \text{vec}(dz^{l+1}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \nabla_{z^{l+1}}^2 J &= Q^{l+1} = \text{diag}(a^{l+1} \odot (1-a^{l+1})) = \text{diag}(a^{l+1}) - a^{l+1} \cdot a^{l+1 T} \\ &\stackrel{p \times p}{=} \left( \begin{array}{c} a_1^{l+1} (1-a_1^{l+1}) \\ a_2^{l+1} (1-a_2^{l+1}) \\ \vdots \\ a_p^{l+1} (1-a_p^{l+1}) \end{array} \right)_{p \times p} \end{aligned}$$

$\nabla_{\mathbf{z}^{l+1}}^2 J = Q^{l+1}$  已知 , 求  $Q^l = \nabla_{\mathbf{z}^l}^2 J$

$$\text{設已知 } \nabla_{\mathbb{Z}^{l+1}} J = \delta^{l+1}$$

$$\therefore \text{vec}(dJ) = J^{(l+1)\top} \text{vec}(Z^{l+1}) \quad \dots \quad (3)$$

$$Z^{l+1} = W^{l+1}a^l + b^{l+1}$$

$$\therefore dz^{l+1} = W^{l+1} da^l \quad \text{and} \quad a^l = f_l(z^l) \quad \therefore da^l = \text{diag}(f'_l(z^l)) \cdot dz^l$$

$$\therefore \quad dz^{l+1} = W^{l+1} \operatorname{diag}(f'_l(z^l)) \quad dz^l \quad \cdots \quad \textcircled{4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{4} \times \textcircled{3} \quad \text{vec}(dJ) &= \delta^{(l+1)\top} \text{vec} \left( \underbrace{w^{l+1} \cdot \text{diag}(f'_l(z^l)) \cdot \frac{\partial z^l}{\partial z^l} \cdot I_1}_{\text{Identity Matrix}} \right) \\ &= \delta^{(l+1)\top} w^{l+1} \text{diag}(f'_l(z^l)) \cdot \text{vec}(dz^l) \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \nabla_{z^l} J = \delta^l = \text{diag}(f'_l(z^l)) W^{(l+1)T} \delta^{l+1}$$

$$\text{即 } \nabla_{z^\ell} J = \text{diag}(f'_\ell(z^\ell)) \cdot W^{(\ell+1)T} \cdot \nabla_{z^{\ell+1}} J$$

$$\therefore \text{vec}(\nabla_{z^{l+1}} J) = \text{vec}(\text{diag}(f_l'(z^l)) \cdot W^{(l+1)\top} \cdot \nabla_{z^{l+1}} J) \quad \leftarrow \because f_l(\cdot) \text{ 是 ReLU } \begin{cases} \text{若} \\ \text{piecewise} \end{cases} \text{, } f_l''=0.$$

$$= \text{diag}(f'_\ell(z^\ell)) \cdot W^{(\ell+1)T} \cdot \text{vec}(\nabla_{z^{\ell+1}} J)$$

$$= \text{diag}(f'_k(z^0)) \cdot W^{(l+1)T} \cdot Q^{(l+1)T} \text{vec}(dz^{l+1})$$

$$\text{代入} \textcircled{4} \quad = \text{diag}(f'_\ell(z^\ell)) \cdot W^{(\ell+1)T} \cdot Q^{(\ell+1)T} \cdot \text{vec}(W^{\ell+1} \text{diag}(f'_\ell(z^\ell)) \frac{dz^\ell}{I_1})$$

$$= \text{diag}(f_\ell'(z^t)) \cdot W^{(t+1)^\top} \cdot Q^{(t+1)^\top} W^{t+1} \cdot \text{diag}(f_\ell'(z^t)) \cdot \text{vec}(dz^t)$$

$$= Q^T \text{vec}(dz^k)$$

$$\therefore Q^l = \text{diag}(f_l'(z^l)) \cdot W^{(l+1)T} \cdot Q^{l+1} \cdot W^{l+1} \cdot \text{diag}(f_l'(z^l))$$

$n \times n$        $n \times p$        $p \times p$        $p \times n$        $n \times n$